Brett L. Gibbs, Esq. (SBN 251000) 1 Steele Hansmeier PLLC. 2 38 Miller Avenue, #263 Mill Valley, CA 94941 3 415-325-5900 blgibbs@wefightpiracy.com Attorney for Plaintiff 5 6 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE 7 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 8 9 10 2535 11 HARD DRIVE PRODUCTIONS, INC.. No. 12 Plaintiff, Judge: 13 **DOES 1-80** 14 **COMPLAINT** 15 Defendants. **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** 16 17 18 **COMPLAINT** 19 NOW COMES Plaintiff Hard Drive Productions, Inc. by and through its undersigned counsel, and 20 complains and alleges as follows: 21 JURISDICTION AND VENUE 22 1. This action is reactionary. Plaintiff brings this civil action under the United States 23 Copyright Act and its related conspiracy claim to combat the Doe Defendants' intentional 24 infringement of Plaintiff's copyrighted creative works. The Doe Defendants, whose names Plaintiff 25 26 expects to ascertain during expedited discovery, illegally reproduced and distributed Plaintiff's .27 copyrighted creative works over an Internet computer network peer-to-peer "sharing" network and,

upon information and belief, continue to do so as of the filing of this suit.

- 2. Per N.D. Cal. Local Rule 3-5, this Court has federal subject matter jurisdiction over the copyright infringement claim under 17 U.S.C. §§ 101, et seq., (commonly referred to as "the Copyright Act"), 28 U.S.C. § 1331 (granting federal courts federal question jurisdiction over civil actions arising under the laws of the United States), and 28 U.S.C. § 1338(a) (granting federal courts original jurisdiction over any Congressional acts relating to copyrights). This Court has supplemental jurisdiction over the civil conspiracy claim under 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a) because it is directly related to Plaintiff's copyright infringement claim, which is within this Court's original jurisdiction, such that the two claims form part of the same case and controversy under Article III of the United States Constitution.
- 3. This Court has personal jurisdiction over all of the parties because, upon credible information and belief gathered by Plaintiff, all the Doe Defendants either reside or committed copyright infringement in the State of California. Plaintiff used geolocation technology to trace the IP addresses of each Doe Defendant to a point of origin within the State of California. This Court also has personal jurisdiction over non-resident Defendants under the California long-arm statute, California Code of Civil Procedure § 410.10, because they downloaded copyrighted content from, or uploaded it to, California residents, and thus committed copyright infringement in and through this State, and engaged in a civil conspiracy to commit copyright infringement with California residents. (See also Federal Rule of Civil Procedure ("FRCP") 4(k)(1)(A)).
- 4. Venue is properly founded in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and 1400(a) because, on information and belief, Doe Defendants reside in this District, may be found in this District, and/or committed acts in this District giving rise to Plaintiff's claims. Per N.D. Cal. Local Rule 3-2(c), this intellectual property action is exempt from these requirements.
- 5. Joinder of Defendants is proper for just adjudication because all Defendants participated in a civil conspiracy to commit copyright infringement, which comprised of a series of

transactions that ultimately ended in the Doe Defendants' illicit distribution of Plaintiff's unique copyrighted works (hereinafter "Work") amongst one another. The series of transactions in this case involved exchanging pieces of the Work's file over the Internet amongst Doe Defendants with each Doe Defendant sharing pieces of Plaintiff's copyrighted file with each other (otherwise known as "torrent swarming") to obtain a complete copy of Plaintiff's Work. The nature of the BitTorrent distribution protocol necessitates a concerted action by many people in order to disseminate files, such as Plaintiff's Work. Due to BitTorrent's setup and this concerted action, it is impossible for individuals to the simply download files on BitTorrent without the active participation of others. Doe Defendants in this case, in order to download Plaintiff's Work, intentionally engaged in this concerted action with other Doe Defendants and other yet unnamed individuals on BitTorrent by entering the torrent swarm. The Doe Defendants are properly joined even if they were not engaged in a contemporaneous swarm because they have contributed to the chain of data distribution due to their prior involvement in like swarms. Doe Defendants also share the same questions of law with respect to their copyright infringement, including, but not limited to:

- (A) Whether Plaintiff is the rights holder of the copyrighted works at issue;
- (B) Whether "copying" has occurred within the meaning of the Copyright Act;
- (C) Whether entering a "torrent swarm" constitutes a willful act of infringement;
- (D) Whether entering a "torrent swarm" constitutes a civil conspiracy; and
- (E) Whether, and to what extent, Plaintiff has been damaged by the Doe Defendants' conduct.

All of these questions should be answered as part of a single suit for all of the reasons outlined by FRCP 19(a). Such joinder is mandated if "feasible." Such joinder is entirely "feasible" in this case.

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#### **PARTIES**

- 6. Plaintiff is an Arizona-based corporation that produces and distributes adult entertainment content. Plaintiff operates a leading website, "Amateur Allure" within the amateur niche and has invested substantial capital in building its brand. Plaintiff is a small business that depends on subscriber revenue to pay its employees and to reinvest in producing new content. Due to Plaintiff's prominence, its content is a regular target of digital piracy and, upon information and belief, thousands of individuals choose to illegally download Plaintiff's website updates instead of paying for the content or refraining from consuming it. All, or substantially all, of Plaintiff's video library is accessible for illegal download on sites via the BitTorrent protocol.
- 7. The unique copyrighted work at issue in this case is an adult video entitled "Amateur Allure Hadley" (hereinafter "Work"). The Work has been uploaded to virtually every one of the major BitTorrent piracy websites worldwide and is currently the target of worldwide piracy.
- 8. The Doe Defendants' actual names are unknown and unascertainable to Plaintiff. Instead, Plaintiff knows each Doe Defendant only by an Internet Protocol address (hereinafter "IP address"), which is a number assigned to devices, such as computers, connected to the Internet by an Internet Service Provider (hereinafter "ISP"). In the course of monitoring Internet-based infringement of its copyrighted content, Plaintiff's agents observed unlawful reproduction and distribution occurring among IP addresses listed on Exhibit A, attached hereto, via the BitTorrent Internet protocol, an Internet website allowing for "peer-to-peer" (hereinafter "P2P") data exchanging. Plaintiff believes that the Defendants' identities will be revealed through expedited discovery, at which time Plaintiff will seek leave of the Court to amend this Complaint to identify Defendants by name.

#### BACKGROUND

- 9. BitTorrent is a modern file sharing method (hereinafter "protocol") used for distributing data via the Internet.
- 10. Traditional file transfer protocols involve a central server, which distributes data directly to individual users. This method is prone to collapse when large numbers of users request data from the central server, in which case the server can become overburdened and the rate of data transmission can slow considerably or cease altogether. In addition, the reliability of access to the data stored on a server is largely dependent on the server's ability to continue functioning for prolonged periods of time under high resource demands.
- In contrast, the BitTorrent protocol is a decentralized method of distributing data. Instead of relying on a central server to distribute data directly to individual users, the BitTorrent protocol allows individual users to distribute data among themselves by exchanging pieces of the file with each other to eventually obtain a whole copy of the file. When using the BitTorrent protocol, every user simultaneously receives information from and transfers information to one another.
- 12. In BitTorrent vernacular, individual downloaders/distributors of a particular file are called peers. The group of peers involved in downloading/distributing a particular file is called a swarm. A server which stores a list of peers in a swarm is called a tracker. A computer program that implements the BitTorrent protocol is called a BitTorrent client. Each swarm is unique to a particular file.
- 13. The BitTorrent protocol operates as follows. First, a user locates a small "torrent" file. This file contains information about the files to be shared and about the tracker, the computer that coordinates the file distribution. Second, the user loads the torrent file into a BitTorrent client, which automatically attempts to connect to the tracker listed in the torrent file. Third, the tracker responds with a list of peers and the BitTorrent client connects to those peers to begin downloading

BitTorrent client continues distributing data to other peers in the swarm until the user manually disconnects from the swarm or the BitTorrent client otherwise does the same.

14. The degree of anonymity provided by the BitTorrent protocol is extremely low.

data from and distributing data to the other peers in the swarm. When the download is complete, the

- Because the protocol is based on peers connecting to one another, a peer must broadcast identifying information (i.e. an IP address) before it can receive data. Nevertheless, the actual names of peers in a swarm are unknown, as the users are allowed to download and distribute under the cover of their IP addresses.
- 15. The BitTorrent protocol is an extremely popular method for transferring data. The size of swarms for popular files can reach into the tens of thousands of unique peers. A swarm will commonly have peers from many, if not every, state in the United States and several countries around the world. And every peer in the swarm participates in distributing the file to dozens, hundreds, or even thousands of other peers.
- 16. The BitTorrent protocol is also an extremely popular method for unlawfully copying, reproducing, and distributing files in violation of the copyright laws of the United States. A broad range of copyrighted albums, audiovisual files, photographs, software, and other forms of media are available for illegal reproduction and distribution via the BitTorrent protocol.
- 17. Efforts at combating BitTorrent-based copyright infringement have been stymied by BitTorrent's decentralized nature. Because there are no central servers to enjoin from unlawfully distributing copyrighted content, there is no primary target on which to focus anti-piracy efforts. Indeed, the same decentralization that makes the BitTorrent protocol an extremely robust and efficient means of transferring enormous quantities of data also acts to insulate it from anti-piracy measures.

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26.	Doe Defendants' co	nduct infringes upor	n Plaintiff's	exclusive	rights	of repro	luctio
and distributio	n that are protected u	nder the Copyright A	Act.				

- 27. Each Doe Defendant knew, should have known, or had some constructive knowledge that their acts constituted copyright infringement.
- 28. Doe Defendants' conduct was willful within the meaning of the Copyright Act: intentional, and with indifference to the Plaintiff's rights. Doe Defendants' active participation on BitTorrent swarms relating to Plaintiff's Work make this fact abundently clear.
- 29. Plaintiff has been damaged by Doe Defendants' conduct including, but not limited to, economic and reputation losses. Plaintiff continues to be damaged by such conduct, and has no adequate remedy at law to compensate Plaintiff for all of the past, and possibly future, damages stemming from the Doe Defendants' conduct. In fact, further irreparable harm to Plaintiff's copyrights and exclusive rights is imminent without Court intervention. Without restrictions, these infringers will run rampant.
- 30. Plaintiff hereby reserves the right, pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(c), to elect to recover statutory damages for each infringement, in lieu of seeking recovery of actual damages.
- 31. As Defendants' infringement was intentional and willful, the Plaintiff is entitled to an award of statutory damages, exemplary damages, attorneys' fees, and the costs of the suit.

## COUNT II - CIVIL CONSPIRACY

#### (California Common Law Tort)

- 32. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by this reference each and every allegation contained in the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 33. In using the P2P BitTorrent file distribution method, each Doe Defendant participated in, aided in, attempted to aid in, or at least knew of the formation and operation of a common-plan

COMPLAINT

CASE NO.

## PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff hereby respectfully prays this Court for Judgment and relief as follows:

- 1) That the Court enter a written judgment declaring that the Doe Defendants have infringed Plaintiff's rights in federally registered copyrights under 17 U.S.C. § 501, and that such infringement was willful;
- 2) That the Court enter a written judgment declaring that the Doe Defendants have injured the business reputation and business of Plaintiff by Defendants' acts and conduct set forth in this Complaint;
- 3) That the Court issue injunctive relief against Doe Defendants, enjoining and restrianing the Doe Defendants and all others in active concert with them from further violating Plaintiff's copyrighted Works, and further issue an order impounding or requiring Doe Defendants to destroy all copies of those unlawfully copyrighted files in Doe Defendants' possession, custody, and/or control pursuant to 17 U.S.C. §§ 503 & 509(a);
- 4) That the Court enter a written judgment in favor of the Plaintiff against Defendants for actual damages pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(a) or statutory damages up to one-hundred and fifty-thousand dollars (\$150,000) pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(b), at the election of Plaintiff, in an amount to be ascertained at trial;
- As to Count II, that the Court order Doe Defendants jointly and severally liable to Plaintiff in the full amount of the Judgment on the basis of a common law claim for civil conspiracy to commit copyright infringement; and for an award of compensatory damages based on the civil conspiracy count in favor of the Plaintiff and against Defendants, jointly and severally, in an amount to be determined at trial;

awarding the Plaintiff reasonable attorneys' fees, litigation expenses (including fees and costs expert witnesses), and other costs of this action pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505; and  7) That the Court issue any such further relief as the Court deems approriate.  Respectfully Submitted, Hard Drive Productions, Inc.  By:  Brett L. Gibbs, Esq. (SBN 251000) Steele Hansmeier PLLC. 38 Miller Avenue, #263 Mill Valley, CA 94941 blgibbs@wefightpiracy.com Attorney for Plaintiff  DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL Plaintiff hereby demands a jury trial as provided by FRCP 38(a).
awarding the Plaintiff reasonable attorneys' fees, litigation expenses (including fees and costs expert witnesses), and other costs of this action pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505; and  7) That the Court issue any such further relief as the Court deems approriate.  Respectfully Submitted, Hard Drive Productions, Inc.  By:  Brett L. Gibbs, Esq. (SBN 251000) Steele Hansmeier PLLC. 38 Miller Avenue, #263 Mill Valley, CA 94941 blgibbs@wefightpiracy.com Attorney for Plaintiff  DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL Plaintiff hereby demands a jury trial as provided by FRCP 38(a).
expert witnesses), and other costs of this action pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505; and  7) That the Court issue any such further relief as the Court deems approriate.  Respectfully Submitted, Hard Drive Productions, Inc.  Brett L. Gibbs, Esq. (SBN 251000) Steele Hansmeier PLLC. 38 Miller Avenue, #263 Mill Valley, CA 94941 blgibbs@wefightpiracy.com Attorney for Plaintiff  DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL Plaintiff hereby demands a jury trial as provided by FRCP 38(a).
2 A That the Court issue any such further relief as the Court deems approriate.  Respectfully Submitted,  Hard Drive Productions, Inc.  By:  Brett L. Gibbs, Esq. (SBN 251000) Steele Hansmeier PLLC. 38 Miller Avenue, #263 Mill Valley, CA 94941 blgibbs@wefightpiracy.com Attorney for Plaintiff  DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL  Plaintiff hereby demands a jury trial as provided by FRCP 38(a).
7) That the Court issue any such further relief as the Court deems approriate.  Respectfully Submitted, Hard Drive Productions, Inc.  Brett L. Gibbs, Esq. (SBN 251000) Steele Hansmeier PLLC. 38 Miller Avenue, #263 Mill Valley, CA 94941 blgibbs@wefightpiracy.com Attorney for Plaintiff  DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL  Plaintiff hereby demands a jury trial as provided by FRCP 38(a).
Respectfully Submitted,  Hard Drive Productions, Inc.  By:  Brett L. Gibbs, Esq. (SBN 251000) Steele Hansmeier PLLC. 38 Miller Avenue, #263 Mill Valley, CA 94941 blgibbs@wefightpiracy.com Attorney for Plaintiff  DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL  Plaintiff hereby demands a jury trial as provided by FRCP 38(a).
Respectfully Submitted, Hard Drive Productions, Inc.  DATED: May 24, 2011  Brett L. Gibbs, Esq. (SBN 251000) Steele Hansmeier PLLC. 38 Miller Avenue, #263 Mill Valley, CA 94941 blgibbs@wefightpiracy.com Attorney for Plaintiff  DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL  Plaintiff hereby demands a jury trial as provided by FRCP 38(a).
By:  Brett L. Gibbs, Esq. (SBN 251000) Steele Hansmeier PLLC. 38 Miller Avenue, #263 Mill Valley, CA 94941 blgibbs@wefightpiracy.com Attorney for Plaintiff  DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL  Plaintiff hereby demands a jury trial as provided by FRCP 38(a).
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Mill Valley, CA 94941 blgibbs@wefightpiracy.com Attorney for Plaintiff  DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL  Plaintiff hereby demands a jury trial as provided by FRCP 38(a).
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By: By:
Brett L. Gibbs, Esq. (SBN 251000)
Attorney for Plaintiff
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11 COMPLAINT CASE NO.

# EXHIBIT A

IP Address	ISP	Date/Time (UTC)
108.0.134.144	Verizon Online	2011-05-08 03:29:46 PM
108.13.70.59	Verizon Online	2011-05-07 08:41:45 PM
173.195.12.19	Black Oak Computers	2011-04-22 11:36:54 PM
173.85.200.227	Frontier Communications of America	2011-05-05 08:26:35 PM
173.85.202.211	Frontier Communications of America	2011-05-03 09:25:09 PM
	Black Oak Computers	2011-05-18 10:24:52 AM
208.87.59.189	Web-Pass.com	2011-05-03 12:07:24 AM
24.10.92.193	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-04-29 05:00:19 AM
24.4.170.119	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-05-22 08:03:40 AM
24.5.41.241	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-05-13 09:12:25 AM
24.6.132.113	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-04-26 03:39:54 PM
24.6.184.34	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-04-23 06:09:36 AM
24.6.228.38	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-04-22 11:36:54 PM
24.94.20.49	Road Runner	2011-04-24 08:29:53 AM
66.127.53.73	AT&T Internet Services	2011-05-06 07:56:14 AM
66.159.251.72	DSL Extreme	2011-05-19 11:15:01 PM
66.215.72.31	Charter Communications	2011-05-04 08:26:50 PM
66.74.70.103	Road Runner	2011-04-29 04:49:45 PM
66.91.228.92	Road Runner	2011-04-24 03:33:44 AM
67.161.38.59	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-05-10 03:59:10 PM
67.174.252.49	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-04-23 11:08:15 AM
67.188.113.74	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-05-16 12:01:19 AM
67.188.144.149	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-04-24 04:18:55 AM
67.188.8.126	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-04-24 06:21:10 PM
68.107.52.93	Cox Communications	2011-04-23 12:48:48 PM
68.231.201.146	Cox Communications	2011-05-12 11:58:16 AM
68.4.166.176	Cox Communications	2011-05-09 03:12:45 AM
68.5.51.87	Cox Communications	2011-04-23 07:21:00 PM
68.7.75.116	Cox Communications	2011-05-10 02:16:08 PM
68.8.158.2	Cox Communications	2011-04-23 11:08:15 AM
68.8.168.140	Cox Communications	2011-05-08 11:54:09 AM
68.8.205.68	Cox Communications	2011-05-08 08:18:34 AM
69.108.49.213	AT&T Internet Services	2011-04-22 09:58:22 PM
69.181.183.165	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-05-12 06:41:07 AM
69.181.54.67	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-04-24 10:18:22 PM
69.228.170.45	AT&T Internet Services	2011-05-07 08:43:13 PM
69.228.171.98	AT&T Internet Services	2011-05-11 02:57:40 PM
69.62.158.74	Surewest Broadband	2011-05-24 06:14:04 AM
70.36.142.58	Sonic Telecom	2011-05-24 02:02:46 PM
71.107.249.208	Verizon Online	2011-05-13 06:10:45 PM
71.84.44.64	Charter Communications	2011-05-14 04:56:33 AM
72.130.105.58	Road Runner	2011-04-22 10:43:22 PM
74.123.255.125	Razzo Link	2011-05-14 09:37:04 PM
74.60.145.81	Clearwire US	2011-05-04 07:43:57 AM
75.11.162.123	AT&T Internet Services	2011-05-17 02:31:14 PM
75.36.52.43	AT&T Internet Services	2011-05-14 04:24:23 PM

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75.36.56.122	AT&T Internet Services	2011-05-22 04:55:35 AM
75.42.169.179	AT&T Internet Services	2011-05-16 02:06:46 AM
75.54.237.232	AT&T Internet Services	2011-05-23 11:16:51 PM
75.57.241.78	AT&T Internet Services	2011-05-09 11:25:41 PM
75.82.168.73	Road Runner	2011-04-22 09:58:23 PM
75.82.60.71	Road Runner	2011-05-07 08:43:13 PM
75.85.10.127	Road Runner	2011-05-03 10:18:15 AM
75.85.183.94	Road Runner	2011-05-10 12:25:04 PM
76.103.192.8	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-05-02 07:45:45 PM
76.103.56.120	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-05-06 07:56:14 AM
76.114.34.53	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-04-28 07:51:42 AM
76.114.4.183	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-05-06 05:53:34 PM
76.127.95.142	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-04-23 07:21:00 PM
76.166.99.206	Road Runner	2011-05-10 03:47:20 AM
76.167.184.35	Road Runner	2011-05-17 02:24:24 AM
76.167.187.151	Road Runner	2011-04-22 11:36:54 PM
76.169.175.230	Road Runner	2011-05-03 05:54:05 AM
76.172.51.35	Road Runner	2011-05-03 05:54:04 AM
76.174.220.8	Road Runner	2011-05-08 07:11:52 PM
76.174.92.247	Road Runner	2011-04-22 08:19:49 PM
76.199.103.165	AT&T Internet Services	2011-05-22 05:16:33 PM
76.220.193.141	AT&T Internet Services	2011-05-24 11:56:12 AM
76.246.253.27	AT&T Internet Services	2011-05-24 06:59:04 AM
76.88.48.47	Road Runner	2011-04-25 12:54:52 AM
76.89.197.117	Road Runner	2011-04-25 05:51:00 AM
76.90.135.25	Road Runner	2011-04-22 08:19:48 PM
76.90.30.56	Road Runner	2011-05-17 07:03:11 AM
98.154.12.27	Road Runner	2011-05-23 06:30:48 PM
98.210.145.74	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-04-22 08:19:49 PM
98.244.55.193	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-04-24 01:25:02 PM
98.255.11.22	Comcast Cable Communications	2011-05-19 05:01:19 PM
99.0.6.40	AT&T Internet Services	2011-04-27 12:06:46 AM
99.110.223.30	AT&T Internet Services	2011-04-22 09:58:21 PM
99.48.27.146	AT&T Internet Services	2011-05-08 01:16:50 AM
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